Special Administrative Measures for Access of Foreign Investments in Pilot Free Trade Zones (Negative List) (2021 Edition)

Notes

- I. The Special Administrative Measures for Access of Foreign Investments in Pilot Free Trade Zones (the "Negative List for Access of Foreign Investments in PFTZs") set out in a centralized manner special administrative measures with respect to the access of foreign investments, such as limits on the shareholding ratio of foreign investment and the requirements on senior management, and apply to PFTZs. Sectors not specified in the Negative List for Access of Foreign Investments in PFTZs shall be subject to administration under the principle of treating domestic investments and foreign investments equally. The relevant provisions of the Negative List of Market Access are uniformly applicable to both domestic and foreign investors.
- II. Foreign investors are forbidden to conduct business activities in the forms of individual businesses, investors of sole proprietorship enterprises or members of farmers' professional cooperatives.
- III. For their investments in the PFTZs, foreign-invested shall comply with the relevant provisions of the Negative List for Access of Foreign Investments in PFTZs.
- IV. Where a foreign investor intends to invest in any sector falling within the scope of the Negative List for Access of Foreign Investments in PFTZs but fails to meet the requirements thereof, the relevant authorities shall, in the course of performing their duties in accordance with the law, refuse to handle such matters as issuing permits or conducting business registration, and refuse to handle the relevant approval matters if approval for any fixed asset investment project is involved. If foreign investors intend to invest in sectors subject to limits on the shareholding ratio of foreign investment, they are not allowed to establish foreign-invested partnerships.
- V. After being examined by the relevant department of the State Council and reported to the State Council for approval, specific foreign investments may not be subject to the provisions set out in the Negative List for Access of Foreign Investments in PFTZs.
- VI. For domestic enterprises conducting businesses that are forbidden by the Negative List for Access of Foreign Investments in PFTZs, if said companies would like to issue shares and be listed overseas, they must be approved by relevant government authorities in China. Foreign investors must not take part in the management of such companies, and shareholding ratio of foreign investors in such companies shall be referred to the regulation requirements applicable to foreign investors investing in securities in China.
- VII. Where domestic companies, enterprises or natural persons merge with or acquire, via overseas companies legally established or controlled thereby, their affiliated domestic companies, the relevant provisions on foreign investment, overseas investment and foreign exchange administration shall apply.
- VIII. In terms of measures concerning administrative approval, qualification requirements, national security, etc. for such sectors as culture and finance, which are not specified in the Negative List for Access of Foreign Investments in PFTZs, the existing provisions shall apply.
- IX. If other provisions in the Closer Economic Partnership Arrangement between Mainland China and Hong Kong and its follow-up agreements, the Closer Economic Partnership Arrangement between Mainland China and Macao and its follow-up agreements, the Cross-Strait Economic Cooperation Framework Agreement and its follow-up agreements, and in any international convention or treaty of which China is a contracting state or to which China has acceded, offer

more preferential treatment to foreign investors, such provisions shall prevail.

X. The Negative List for Access of Foreign Investments in PFTZs shall be interpreted by the National Development and Reform Commission and the Ministry of Commerce in concert with relevant departments.

XI. The 2020 version of the Negative List for Access of Foreign Investments in PFTZs issued by the National Development and Reform Commission and the Ministry of Commerce on June 23, 2020 shall be repealed since January 1, 2022.

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No.	Special Administrative Measures
A. Agric	culture, Forestry, Animal Husbandry and Fishery
1	The Chinese party shall hold at least 34% of the shares of a company undertaking the selection and cultivation of new varieties of, and production of the seeds of, wheat and corn.
2	Investment in the research, development, breeding and planting of China's rare and unique precious quality varieties as well as the production of relevant breeding materials (including quality genes of planting, animal husbandry and aquaculture) is banned.
3	Investment in the selection of genetically modified varieties and the production of genetically modified seeds (fingerlings) in respect of crops, breeding stock and poultry, and aquatic fingerlings is prohibited.
B. Mini	ng
4	Investment in the reconnaissance, mining and beneficiation of rare earths, radioactive minerals and tungsten is prohibited. (It is not permitted to enter rare earth mine lots or obtain mining geology materials, ore samples and production techniques, without prior approval.)
C. Produ	action and Supply of Electric Power, Heating Power, Gas and Water
5	Investment in the construction and operation of nuclear power plant must be controlled by the Chinese party.
D. Who	lesale and Retail Industry
6	Investment in the wholesale and retail of leaf tobacco, cigarettes, re-dried leaf tobacco and other tobacco products is banned.
E. Trans	sportation, Storage and Mail
7	Domestic water transportation companies must be controlled by Chinese parties. (It is not permitted to engage in domestic water transportation business as well as the supporting services thereof, in a disguised manner by operating or leasing any vessel or shipping space with Chinese nationality. Water transportation operators shall not use any ships of a foreign nationality to carry out domestic water transportation business; however, under the circumstance that no Chinese ship can meet the requirements of applied transportation in China, and the port or the water area where the ship is located is an open port or water area, upon approval of the Chinese government, a water transportation operator may, within the duration or number of voyages prescribed by the Chinese government, temporarily use the ship of a foreign nationality for the marine transportation and towage business between Chinese ports.)
8	A public airline transportation company must be controlled by the Chinese party, and the investment made by a single foreign investor together with its related-party enterprises in such company shall not exceed 25%, and such company's legal representative must be a Chinese citizen. Legal representatives of general aviation companies must be Chinese citizens, of which, those for the agriculture, forestry and fishery industries are limited to joint ventures only, while others shall be controlled by Chinese parties. (Only Chinese public air transportation companies are permitted to engage in domestic aviation services, and offer regular and irregular international

aviation services as the carriers designated by China.) 9 Investment in the construction and operation of civil airports must be relatively controlled by the Chinese party. Foreign parties are not allowed to participate in the construction and operation of airport towers. 10 Investment in postal service companies (or the provision of postal services) and the business of delivery mail domestically is prohibited. F. Information Transmission, Software and Information Technology Services Telecommunications companies are limited to investment in the telecommunications business opened according to China's WTO accession commitments; the shareholding ratio of foreign investment in a value-added telecommunications business (excluding e-commerce business, domestic multi-party communications service, store-andforward service and call center service) shall not exceed 50%; the basic telecommunications business must be controlled by the Chinese party (and the business operators must be companies legally established to specialize in the basic telecommunications business). Original policies piloted in areas (28.8 square kilometers) of the Shanghai Pilot Free Trade Zone will be promoted to all pilot free trade zones. 12 Investment in internet news services, online publishing services, online audio-visual program services, internet culture operation (excluding music), and internet public oriented information releasing services (excluding content of the abovementioned services that is permitted under China's WTO accession commitments) is prohibited. G. Leasing and Business Services 13 Engagement in Chinese legal affairs (except for the provision of information relating to the impacts of China's legal environment) is prohibited; becoming the partner of a domestic law office is prohibited. (Foreign law firms can only enter China by establishing their representative offices in China, and such representative offices shall not employ lawyers with the Chinese Lawyer License, and assisting staff members employed by these representative offices shall not provide parties concerned with legal services; the establishment of representative offices in China and sending representatives to China must be approved by China's administrative department of iustice.) Investment in broadcasting and television listening and rating surveys must be 14 controlled by the Chinese party. For investment in social surveys, the shareholding ratio of the Chinese party shall not be less than 67%, the legal representative shall have Chinese nationality. H. Scientific Research and Technical Services 15 Investment in the development and application of technologies of human stem cell and gene diagnosis and treatment is prohibited. 16 Investment in humanistic and social science research institutions is prohibited. 17 Investment in geodetic surveying, hydrographic surveying and charting, surveying and mapping via aerial photography, ground mobile surveying, surveying and mapping of administrative area borders, compiling of topographical maps, world administrative maps, national administrative maps, administrative maps at the provincial level or below, national school maps, local school maps and true three-dimensional maps, compiling of navigation electronic maps and regional investigations in terms of geological mapping, mineral geology, geophysics, geochemistry, hydrogeology, environmental geology, geological disasters and remote sensing geology is prohibited.

(Mining right owners working within the scope of their mining rights will not be subject to this special administrative measure.)

I. Education

- Investment in pre-school institutions, senior high schools and institutions of higher education is limited to schools jointly run by Sino-foreign entities; such schools must be dominated by the Chinese parties (principals or major administration heads in charge of such schools shall be of Chinese nationality, and Chinese members shall account for at least half of the council, board of directors or joint management committee). (Foreign education institutions, other groups or individuals (excluding those for occupational training institutions beyond the educational system and occupational education institutions within the educational system) shall not independently establish schools or other educational institutions mainly intended for recruiting Chinese citizens as their students, but foreign educational institutions may cooperate with Chinese educational institutions in the establishment of educational institutions that mainly recruit Chinese citizens as their students.)
- Investment in compulsory education institutions and religious education institutions is prohibited.

K. Health and Social Work

20 Investment in medical institutions is limited to joint ventures.

L. Culture, Sports and Entertainment

- Investment in news agencies (including but not limited to press agencies) is prohibited. (Establishing permanent news agencies in China and sending permanent reporters to China by foreign news agencies must be approved by the Chinese government. Services and business of foreign press agencies to provide news stories within the territory of China must be examined and approved by the Chinese government. Business cooperation between Chinese and foreign news agencies must be dominated by the Chinese news agencies and must be approved by the Chinese government.)
- Investment in editing, publishing and production of books, newspapers, periodicals, audio-visual products and electronic publications is prohibited. (Chinese and foreign press houses may carry out Sino-foreign cooperative news and publication programs, if they are approved by the Chinese government, Chinese parties' rights to dominate the business and have a final say in regard to contents are guaranteed and other conditions set out in the official replies of the Chinese government are observed. Providing financial information services within the territory of China is prohibited without the approval of the Chinese government.)
- Investment in all levels of broadcasting stations, television stations, radio and television channel and frequency, radio and television transmission networks (including radiating stations, rebroadcasting stations, broadcasting and TV satellites, satellite uplink stations, satellite signal receiving and rebroadcasting stations, microwave stations, monitoring stations and cable broadcasting and television transmission network, etc.) and engagement in the video on demand business of radio and TV and in the provision of services of installation of the ground receiving facilities for satellite television broadcasting is prohibited. (The availability of overseas satellite channels in China is subject to the examination and approval system.)
- Investment in radio and television program production and operation (including introduction) companies is prohibited. (Introducing foreign films and television series and introducing other foreign television programs via satellite transmission must be applied for by entities designated by the State Administration of Radio and Television

	of the People's Republic of China. The joint production of television series (including TV animations) by Chinese and foreign parties is subject to the licensing system.)
25	Investment in film production companies, distribution companies, cinema companies and the introduction of films is prohibited. (It is permitted to shoot films under the cooperation between Chinese and foreign enterprises, upon approval.)
26	Investment in enterprises selling cultural relics by auction, cultural relic stores and state-owned cultural relic museums is prohibited. (Cultural relics which are immovable and banned by the State from exportation are prohibited from being transferred, pledged or rented to foreigners; establishing and operating intangible cultural heritage investigation agencies is prohibited; foreign organizations or individuals carrying out intangible cultural heritage investigation and archaeological investigation, exploration and excavation within the territory of China shall be in the form of cooperation with Chinese parties and be subject to special examination and approval.)
27	Cultural and artistic performance groups must be controlled by Chinese parties.